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MONTREAL GIVES WARM WELCOME TO FRIEDMANN

nadian Doctors for His Skill.

HE ADMINISTERS SERUM HIMSELF

Thirty Patients Receive Injec- Disclaim Any Purpose of Contions in Presence of Fifty Physicians, and German Savant Apparently Feels Friendly Attitude of His Audience.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

one of the patients was Marie Rancour, a sixteen-y ar-old girl, who came
from her home in the Canadian wilds,
200 miles north of here, to receive the
treatment. Both the father and the
mother of the girl died, victims of the
white plague. The marks of the discase showed so plainly upon the girl. that Dr. Friedmann was touched. He appointment carefully examined the girl, and al-Senator Townsend, of Michig though it was evident that she was in asked whether the full Committee

hospital authorities, but to each was made for a committee meeting. given medicine and such treatment as was possible by the hospital doctors

ch he worked. The audience which

possible for the physicians of Royal Edward to administer the

treatment to all patients.
Only One Announcement. Shortly after his arrival here this

hysicians. By doing this I will both astruct them in the methods of hand-

administered to-day, but said that they would have to withhold their judgment While in Ottawa, Dr. Priedmann will demonstrate his tubercular treatment before another clinic of physicians at-tending the Canadian Tuberculosis tending the Canadian Tuberculosis Convention. He will then go to To-ronto, where several patients will be treated, and return to New York Fri-

Sufferers Selected.

Ottawa, March 11.—A committee of five doctors to-day selected from many applicants a number of tuberculosis sufferers to be given Dr. Friedmann's treatment to-morrow. The classes of treatment to-morrow. The classes of cases embrace bone, gland and lung affections. Most of the sufferers are residents of Ottawa. A few came from Montreal, Toronto and neighboring

towns.

The clinic will be held in the Water morning. Street Hospital te-morrow morning, Dr. Friedmann may leave for Toronto to-morrow morning. Otherwise he will return to New York on Thursday.

"On my return from Canada," the doctor is quoted by his secretary as saying, "I shall deliver accurate and scientific lectures on the preparation and application of the vaccine. These lectures will be delivered before the control of the vaccine. These lectures will be delivered before the control of the vaccine. These lectures will be delivered before the control of the vaccine. These lectures will be delivered before the control of the vaccine. lectures will be delivered before medi

vue Hospital, largest of the city hospitals, opened to him for further demonstrations here when he returns John F. Anderson, director of the Hy-Service, has opened negotiations with the directors of Lellevue for the admission of Dr. Friedmann.

of the Bellevue authorities is pending, the Monteffre Home has decided to the Monteffire Home has decided to open its doors to Dr. Friedmann, and it was said he has accepted the come, and will treat patients there: Mount Sinai Hospital, where Dr. Fried-(Continued on Third Page.)

ACT OF MINORITY GIVES CONCERN TO DEMOCRATS

Highly Praised by Ca. Republicans Block Confirmation of Wilson Appointments.

SEND THEM BACK TO COMMITTEE

ducting General Opposition to Names Sent In by President. Committee Assignments Will Be Reported to Senate on Thursday.

Washington, March 11 .-- A hint of Montreal, March 11 .- Dr. Friedrich opposition to President Wilson's ap-Franz Friedmann left here to-night pointments came in an executive seefor Ottawa, after having spent a high- sion of the Senate to-day, when Rely successful day, according to those publican Senators insisted that apwho witnessed the clinical demonstra- pointments be acted upon by the Sention of his treatment for the cure of tuberculosis. Thirty patients, including men, women and children, received for confirmation. As a result no apate committee before being taken us the injections of the scrum in the press-ence of fifty physicians at the Royal Edward Institution for Tuberculosis. M. Dockery and James I. Blakeslee, Edward Institution for Tuberculosis M. Dockery and James I. Blakeslee, Newspaper men and the public were ex- appointed respectively as first, third

white plague. The marks of the dis-case showed so plainly upon the girl's Blakeslee appointment, and Senator features and her appeal was so pathetic Smith, of South Carolina, the Boper

the advanced stages of the disease, he, Post-Offices had acted on the appoint-readily agreed to treat her among the ments. Democratic leaders answered first patients. that the usual custom was being fol-lowed of reporting the appointments Throng of Sufferers.

While the clinic was being held a throng of sufferers, many of whom had come long distances, surged about the hospital, appealing in vain for admission. All of these were refused by the content of the content of the content of the content of the usual custom was being followed of reporting the appointments after the lapse of one day, but with the usual custom was being followed of reporting the appointments after the lapse of one day, but with the usual custom was being followed of reporting the appointments after the lapse of one day, but with the usual custom was being followed of reporting the appointments after the lapse of one day, but with the usual custom was being followed of reporting the appointments after the lapse of one day, but with the usual custom was being followed of reporting the appointments out the formality of a committee meeting. As the result of Senator Townsellowed on the lapse of one day, but with the usual custom was being followed of reporting the appointments out the formality of a committee meeting. As the result of Senator Townsellowed out the formality of a committee meeting. As the result of Senator Townsellowed out the formality of a committee meeting.

No General Opposition.

was possible by the hospital doctors before being finally turned away.

Seventy cases had been selected by the hospital, and Dr. Friedmann was allowed to pick from these. He administered the serum himself, and was highly praised by the doctors present for the skilled and rapid manner in which he worked. The audience which

which he worked. The audience which viewed the German savant's demonstration was more friendly than any he has yet appeared before since committee expected to complet its work on the new Senate committee of nine attending physicians here over the treatment accorded Dr. Friedmann in New York, and he was invited to remain here and demonstrate his cure for as long as he wished. Before leaving the percentage in the Dr. Friedmann instructed in the Senate will be prepared to bring the special session to an end. The Democratic committee of nine worked throughout the day trying to

ing and Currency, which is to take from the Finance Committee the problems of currency reform. The hard the physicians of Tillman for the chairmanship of the to administer the Tillman for the chairmanship of the Appropriations Committee has also been an important factor in delaying the completion of the "steering" comthe completion of the "steering" committee's work. Persistent efforts have been made to induce Senator Tillman the courts the Southern Express Committee's work and the courts the Southern Express Committee of the courts the c Shortly after his arrival nere this morning Dr. Friedmann made his only public announcement of the day. He been made to induce Senator Tillman to give up his claim to this post. It While here I shall treat cases of was declared to-night that no definite "While here I shall treat cases of was declared to high that he defined as to visible tuberculosis in the presence of conclusion had been reached as to ed yesterday, the local agency accept-physicians. By doing this I will both whether or not he shall have the ing South Carolina consignments for chairmanship.

Ing the cure and demonstrate the em-cacy of live germs in tuberculosis."

Other than this, newspaper men and the public were strictly avoided by the Friedmann party. While here Dr. Labor Statistics, has developed among Southern Democratic Senators. Friedmann party. While here Dr. Friedmann was the guest of Colonel Joffrey H. Burland, of the Royal Edward Hospital.

All of the physicians present at the clinic expressed strong hopes for the conditions of labor and the character conditions of labor and the character resulting to the physicians present at the conditions of labor and the character resulting to the present the conditions of labor and the character next move would be. Should the Gary

> cation and Labor to consider the ap-pointment of Dr. Neill has been called on an amended petition. for Thursday. Several Democratic While the express company has Senators have asked that no action be taken on the Neill appointment until the Senate has been reorganized clines to accept consignments destined and the new committees named. Sen-ator Borah said to-day that he would

AMNESTY BILL NOT VETOED ford County.

Measure Returned to Congress With Changes Recommended.
[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.]
[Havana, March 11.—The amnesty bill to the Cuban Congress to-day w the Chief Executive's signature. message accompanying it recommended several changes in the document which, it is thought, will remove the features that Secretary of State Bryan found objectionable to the United States. May Reveal His Secret.

New York, March 11.—When Dr.
Friedrich F. Friedmann returns from Montreal, where he went last night to demonstrate his tuberculosis vaccine,

Dr. Friedmann may also find Belleue Hospital, largest of the city hositals, opened to him for further demnstrations here when he returns. Dr.
ohn F. Anderson, director of the Hylenic Laboratory of the Public Health
er vice, has opened negotiations with
the directors of Eellevue for the aditselfon of Dr. Friedmann.
This institution would provide a
targer variety of cases than any other,
was explained. While the decision
of the Bellevue authorities is pending,
the Monteffre Home has decided to

\$52.23 TO CALIFORNIA. Via Washington-Sunset Route, March 14 to April 14. Personally conducted tourist sleep-ing cars from Washington without change, daily except Sunday, Berth 19. Office, 997 East Main Street.—Adv.

Arbitration Board Appointed to Settle Demands of Firemen



DEALERS FAIL TO TIME IS NOT RIPE **GET INJUNCTION**

Order Against Express

Judge Waddill Refuses to Grant American Troops Will Remain on Its Relation to Wages Discussed Mexican Frontier for

Company.

EMBARGO IS REMOVED REPORT BY GENERAL BLISS SEVEN WITNESSES EXAMINED

forwarding as it did before the in-hibition went into effect. The service, however, was resumed on the strength of Judge Gary's ruling, and will, it is believed, be halted at once should his order fail of support in the courts

May Bring Amended Petition.

Richmond liquor dealers were unprepared yesterday to say what their Southern cotton manufacturing States.

A meeting of the Committee on Education and Labor to consider the apwomen and child laborers in the decision in South Carolina be set aside

and the new committees named. Sen-ator Borah said to-day that he would not take the responsibility for such action, but would submit Dr. Neil's appointment to the committee as it pany declines also to forward ship-ments to High Point township in Guil-

Local dealers are only slightly interested in the Kentucky embargo, since the Blue Grass thirst is quenched at home. The proscription of six counties in North Carolina, however is a matter of considerable moment Should the fight be renewed by dealers, the amended petition will probably include an application for relief as regards this territory to Judge Waddill's Statement.

Judge Waddill, with his refusal to grant the restraining order prayed for, following statement: "Complainant, suing in its own be half and of others similarly situated, files its bill praying an injunction against the defendant to prevent it from refusing to accept shipments of spirituous liquors for the State of South Carolina, and to require it by mandatory order to transport the same there, averring as a cause therefor that it conducts a large mail order business in liquors in that State, to private individuals, and not for resald and that the action of the defendant in refusing, since the 5th day March last, to accept its shipments has greatly injured it, and that unless restrained from so doing .its action will prove destructive of its busi ness. The express company, by coun sel, replies that it has heretofore re ceived such goods from the complain ant and transported the same, and would be giad to do so now, but that it is apprehensive, especially since the passage of the recent act of Congress known as the Webh-Kenyon bill, that if it did so it would violate the crimi-

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

FOR WITHDRAWAL

at Hearing Before Board of Arbitration.

disposed to carry out the War Depart- tives. ment instructions. No patrols nearer international boundary nearer international boundary than absolutely necessary on account of the very open country in the vicinity of Douglas. This is a most difficult situpractically no patrols or detachments are under observation from the Mex-

The War Department will accept ceived several increases in pay, but he had used his official General Bliss's view of the situation and he will continue his investigation

Sam Houston, Texas.

Inquiry, from the Mexican Foreign

Office as to the acceptability to this government of Emilio Rabasa as Mexican ambassador to Washington to succeed Senor Calero, retired, has brought the State Department face to face with the question of formal recognition of the new provisional government of

Up to this time Ambassador Wilson has been treating with the liverta administration on a de facto basis, and now becomes necessary to decide whether formal recognition shall be extended, such as would be involved (Continued on Eleventh Page.)

Executive Mansion an Animalless Kingdom

White House Stables Empty and No Dogs Frolic in the Lot.

[Special to The Times-Disputch.] Washington, Murch 11 .- For the first time in many years, the White House stables are empty, no dogs frolic in the white lot, and the excentive mansion is an animaliess kingdom, except for the pet squirret of Miss Helen Taft, which lives in the big tree by the south portico, and which Miss Jessie Wilson has taken for her pet. Baby Jo and Cousin Jessie feed the pet nuts every morning, and so fickle is animal love that it has grown quite as fond of its new mistress as it was of Miss Taft.

The saddle horses of the Taft property, were removed from the White House stables when the rest of their effects were taken away from the executive manalon. The show dog of Miss Helen Taft.

which wandered away on inaugura-tion day, has left the White House dogless. All of the Misses Wilson

HIGH LIVING COST

bring the special session to an end.
The Democratic committee of nine several physicians of Royal Edward institute in the proper methods of institute in the proper method of institute in the proper methods of institute in the proper method of institute in the proper rison follows:

"I have thoroughly inspected the disposition of troops on the border between El Paso and Nogales, as per your telegram of the 5th instant. All your telegram of the 5th instant. All the firmen assigned to such locomo-

stated that it took sixteen years before a fireman on the Lake Shore could become a regular freight engineer.

James E Bell, a fireman for the they had been guilty of it James E. Bell, a fireman for the Pennsylvania lines, admitted that dur-

Goes Into Details.

Chairman William L. Chambers went into details with the witness concerning his living expenses. Bell stated the senatorial view as to some of the ing his living expenses. Bell stated that his grocery bill was from \$25 to \$30 a month, his fuel bill in summer, \$2; rent. \$15; insurance, \$7; theatres (moving pictures only), 15 to 20 cents;

Clothing, Bell said, did not count for himself, as he had not bought a new suit in a year, nor a new overcoat in two years. His wife, he said, had only two new dresses in a year. He did not employ a servant, he said, yet he was

Locke said that, counting terminal delays, a fireman's round trip on the Lake Shore consumed forty-six hours, of which thirty-six hours was spent away from home. During this time the away from home. During this time the fireman was obliged to pay for four meals. It took sixteen years, asserted meals. It took sixteen years, asserted the witness, before a fireman could be-come a regular freight engineer on the Lake Shore. "Big engines and in-creased formage of trains have delayed Responsible for Rules

E. L. McGinnis testified that firemen on the Pennsylvania were required to

memorize instructions which it was an 'absolute impossibility for, one man remember." Firemen were held responsible for these rules and were disciplined for failure to observe them. he said. McGinnis produced five books, containing the rules. One of the rules was that a fireman must notify his engineer of every signal passed affecting his train.

"We pass, on an average, a signal every forty-five seconds," and McGin-

"What do you do when you have to lovel coal?" asked Judge Chambers. "Sometimes the signals are far apart, and that gives me time; but I've got to see those signals, not only for my own sake, but for the sake of the train."

ON TAFT'S ORDER

Burleson Thinks Merit President Cautions Lat-Tests Also Should Be Required.

PRIZES SOUGHT BY DEMOCRATS

Former Executive's Act in Plac- Will Have No Sympathy With ing 35,000 Third and Fourth-Class Postmasters in Classified Service Is Considered by President Wilson and Postmaster-General.

Washington, March 11 .- President Wilson had a two-hours' meeting with his Cabinet to-day, in which general must be peace in the Latin-American policies governing the organization of republics and that this peace must be the various departments were outlined and a few minor appointments dis-note of a statement issued by Presicussed.

The President declared after the meeting that "merely routine" matters had been taken up. He added that he regarded Cabinet meetings as a "clearing house" for the handling of details. Members of the Cabinet were reticent as to what had taken place, inticent as to what had taken place, inti-mating that a general statement cov-ering the business of the meeting might be prepared later. One of the Cabinet officials stated that the Presi-dent had not taken up with them the cuestion of what legislation he should recommend to Congress. Postmaster-General Burleson, who re-mained with the President forces.

Postmaster-General Burleson, who remained with the President for some time after the Cabinet meeting, later gave his opinion of Mr. Taft's order placing 35,000 third and fourth-class postmasters in the classified service.

"The policy of the administration toward that order has not been determined," said Mr. Burleson. "Personally I am in sympathy with it, but I do not believe it went far enough in that many men retained office for political reasons, instead of having to pass a test of merit, which should have been required."

Subject of Comment.

The Postmaster-General's declaration was subject to some comment, as the third and fourth-class postmasterships are the prizes sought by thousands of Democrats throughout the country. Those who heard bim make

of the board, chosen under the Erdman act, to arbitrate demands of the firement employed on fifty-four Eastern bers of the Senate Pinance Committee. General Bliss was asked some days ago to report on the advisability of withdrawing the troops. The reply received to-day by Secretary of War Gar-ceived to-day by Secretary of War Gar-c

two firemen assigned to such locomotives.

John W. Locke, an engineer, formerly a fireman, employed by the Lake Shore and Michigan Central Railroad, stated that it took sixteen years before a fireman on the Lake Shore could be a fireman on the Lake Shore could be the two men dismissing them. two men dismissing them from the two men dismissing them that their positions, on the ground that they had been guilty of malfeasance.

observation from the MexThe troops are performing ing the six years and four months he duty with great discretion." had been with the company he had rethe penartment will account the denied was that he The War Department will accept General Bliss's view of the situation and he will continue his investigation along the entire American-Mexican horder.

Ceived several increases in pay, but he had used his ometal position to compel the Baltimore and Ohlo Railroad to stop trains at a small town in Maryend of the month than I had when I first started to work for the road. The started had a summer home. Mr. Sharretts has many strong friends who Brigadier-General James Parker, recently promoted from colonel, has been assigned to command the First Cavalry
Brigade, with headquarters at Fort Bell said his wages averaged \$100 g.

Hist started to work for the road. I have to pay more for rent and more for living expenses, and everything is so high I don't seem to be any better off."

Bell said his wages averaged \$100 g. them to Sceretary McAdoo, and they went to the Treasury Department for ;

> Senator Johnston and Representative Richardson, of Alabama, called regard-ing the post-offices at Decatur and New Decatur, in Mr. Richardson's district. Nearly two years ago the two offices were consolidated by Pre-Taft. An appeal by Mr. Riel caused the order to be changed. employ a servant, he said, yet he was always in debt.
>
> John W. Locke, formerly a fireman, now an engineer, on the fall manner.
>
> John W. Locke, formerly a fireman, now an engineer, on the fall manner.
>
> John W. Locke, formerly a fireman, now an engineer on the fall manner.
>
> John W. Locke, formerly a fireman, now an engineer on the fall manner. how an engineer, on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, resumed the witness stand to-day at hearings before the board which is arbitrating demands of 35,000 firemen of Eastern railroads.

Senator Mark Smith, of Arizona, took up with the President the filling of the Arizona Federal judgeship. Ever since Arizona was made a State the people have been without the machinery of a Federal district court. President Taft nominated former Governor Sloan as judge, but both the Democratic Senators, Smith and Ashurst, prevented his confirmation. Now they want a Democrat as judge. Senator Smith ed the name of W. H. Sawtell

WILSON OUTLINES POLICY TOWARD SISTER REPUBLICS

in-American Countries to Maintain Peace.

UNITED STATES NOTHING TO SEEK

Those Who Attempt to Seize Government to Advance Their Own Personal Ambition. Statement Not Aimed at Any Particular Country.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, March 11 .-- That there

The President declared after the policy toward the Central and South meeting that "merely routine" matters American republics.

"We can have no sympathy with those who seek to seize the power of government to advance their own personal interests," is probably the most significant sentence of the statement, for therein he shows clearly that the present administration will not countenance another Huerta uprising or another incipient revolt such as led to the murder of President Arajao, of San Salvador, even if he has to use force to prevent them.

The President's Statement.
The President's statement follows:
"In view of questions which are

naturally uppermost in the public mind just now, the President issues the following statement: "One of the chief objects of my ad-ministration will be to cultivate the friendship and deserve the confidence of our sister republics of Central and South America and to promote in every proper and honorable way the interests which are common to the people of the two continents. I ear-

nestly desire the most cordial understanding and co-operation between the people and leaders of America, and therefore deem it my duty to make this brief statement.
"Co-operation is possible only when

SEVEN WITNESSES EXAMINED

SEVEN WITNESSES EXAMINED

Employes Contend That Heavier
Engines Compel Them to
Work Harder for Same Pay.

New York, March 11.—The high cost of living and its relation to wages received by firemen was one of the questions discussed to day at the hearing.

Arbitration.

Sands of Democratis throughout the country Those who heard him make the statement were not certain that he meant to convey the idea that the processors of just government based upon law, not upon arbitrary or irregular force. We hold, as I am sure that a new order would not be rescinded, and that a new order would be promulgated which would require the merit test.

Before the Cabinet assembled at 11 o'clock this morning for a long session the President received a large number of visitors, some on business and the others to pay respects. Secretary Garrison, of the War Department, was the first visitor, being with Henry W. Dooley, the Democratic national committeeman from Porto Rico.

Porto Rican appointments were discussed.

A visit to the Mixed Heavier "Co-operation is possible only when supported at every turn by the orderly processors of just government based upon law, not upon arbitrary or irregular force. We hold, as I am sure that a new order would not be rescinded, and that a new order would be promulgated which would require the merit test.

Before the Cabinet assembled at 11 o'clock this morning for a long session the President received a large number of visitors, some on business and the others to pay respects. Secretary Garrison, of the War Department, was the first visitor, being with Henry W. Dooley, the Democratic national intercence of every kind of the realization of these principles the order.

"We shall lend our influence of every kind to the realization of these principles."

A visit to the White House to-day ciples, and in fact and practice, knowing senators Lodge and Smoot, Republing that disorder, personal intrigue weaken and discredit government and injure none so much as the people who cumstances. As friends, therefore, we shall prefer those who act in the interest of peace and honor, who protect private rights and respect the westraints of constitutional provision. Mutual respect seems to us the indis-pensable foundation of friendship between states as between individuals.

> seek in Central and South America except the lasting interests of the peo-ples of the two continents, the security of governments intended for the terest, and the development of personal two continents, which shall redound to the profit and advantage of interfere with the rights and liberties

> of neither.
> "From these principles may be read so much of the future policy of this government as it is necessary now forecast; and in the spirit of these principals I may, I hope, be permitted, with as much confidence as earnestness, to extend to the governments of all genuine, disinterested friendship and to my colleagues to every enterprise of peace and amity that a fortunate future may disclose.

Rends If to Cabinet

The President took this statement to the Cabinet meeting to-day. He read it to the Cabinet, which was in session for two hours, and issued it short-

claimed that the statement was aimed at any particular country. It was de-clared that it would be sent to the diplomatic representatives of the United States in all Central and South While most of the countries in the

Western Hemisphere are enjoying domestic as well as international peace, State Department officials have exercised a close watch on events in Mexico, Guatamala, Nicaragua, Honduras, San Domingo, Cuba and Salvador.

ed the name of W. H. Sawtelle. The President sent his visitor to the Department of Justice.

Senator Smith, of South Carolina, to see about a small place for a constituent; Senator Bacon, of Georgia; Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, and Senator Lea, of Tennessee, to pay respects, and Senator Gore, of Oklahoma, for a conference were callers to day.

spects, and Senator Gore, of Oklahoma, for a conference, were callers to-day.

Formal Reception.

The judiciary of the United States Court of Customs Appeals, the Commerce Court and the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia was received by the President at 2:33 o'clock this afternoon in the Red Room of the White House.

A bound book descriptive of the his-A bound book descriptive of the historic sites in Washington was to-day presented to the President by W. P. ports from New Orleans that a company of the ports from New Orleans that a company that a company of the ports from New Orleans that a company of the ports from New Orleans that a company of the ports from New Orleans that a company of the ports from New Orleans that a company of the ports from New Orleans that a company of the ports of Van Wickle, chairman of the subcommittee on bistoric sites of the in(Continued on Tenth Page.)

Or the aim reports from New Orleans that a combination was being effected between
the Zelayistas and discontented ele-